



expulsion, subinvolution, cesarean section, induced abortion, or lacteal retension.

8. The use of a ligand peptide, or salt thereof, for a G protein-coupled receptor protein in order to regulate oxytocin secretion.

9. The use of a ligand peptide, or salt thereof, for a G protein-coupled receptor protein in order to manufacture an oxytocin secretion regulator.

10. A method for regulating oxytocin secretion, characterized by administering a ligand peptide, or salt thereof, for a G protein-coupled receptor protein to mammals with a disease related to insufficient oxytocin secretion.